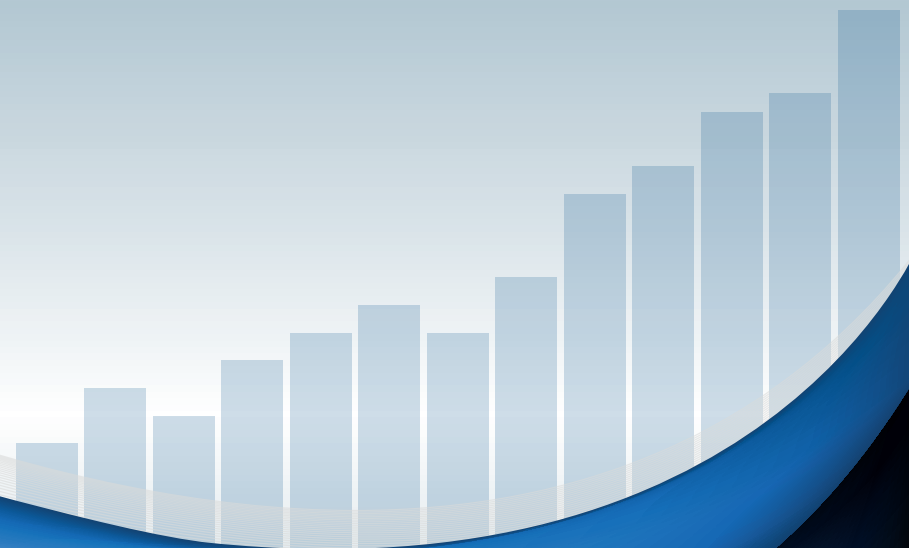


Risk and Protective Factor Executive Summary

2017-18 Sussex County Schools

Newton, NJ

January 05, 2018



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1 Introduction

We at Pride Surveys have reviewed the education legislation, Elementary Secondary Education Act (ESEA), and attended meetings in Washington, D.C., with USDOE for briefings on the legislation. This summary and the complete report on your CD-ROM are intended to assist you in meeting the reporting requirements of ESEA as well as the requirements for the Drug Free Communities (DFC) Support Program Core Measures.

Under the ESEA and DFC, schools are required to report on specific behaviors and perceptions regarding drug use. The current reporting requirements include the areas of past 30 day use, perceptions of risk from use, perceptions of parental disapproval of use and perceptions of peer disapproval of use. Additionally this report contains information on specific risk and protective factors that research has shown to be associated with drug use behaviors.

The graphs and tables in this summary are compiled from data collected in your school(s) using the ***Pride Risk and Protective Factor Questionnaire for Grades 6-12***. These graphs and tables cover the areas typically of most interest for school systems. The areas covered are demographics, prevalence of 30-day use, perception of risk, students' perception of parental disapproval of use, students' perception of peer disapproval of use and risk and protective factors. The drugs covered in this summary are *cigarette/tobacco* use, *alcohol* use, *marijuana* use and prescription drugs. Marijuana is often used as a measure of illicit drug use as it is by far the most commonly used of the illicit drugs.

This summary and the accompanying CD-ROM (full report) will assist you in meeting the requirements of ESEA as well as requirements from agencies (DFC, etc.) that have similar requirements in assessment and evaluation.

NOTE: THIS IS ONLY A BRIEF SUMMARY OF YOUR RESULTS. YOUR FULL AND COMPLETE REPORT CAN BE FOUND ON YOUR CD-ROM.

If you have questions about this report or if you wish to have information on other ***Pride Surveys*** services and products, please call the ***Pride Surveys*** Office or write to the following address:

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2 Demographics

Total number of students surveyed: **2,247**

Grade Levels

- Number of 6th grade students surveyed: **217 (9.7%)**
- Number of 7th grade students surveyed: **312 (13.9%)**
- Number of 8th grade students surveyed: **275 (12.2%)**
- Number of 9th grade students surveyed: **448 (19.9%)**
- Number of 10th grade students surveyed: **372 (16.6%)**
- Number of 11th grade students surveyed: **325 (14.5%)**
- Number of 12th grade students surveyed: **298 (13.3%)**

Sex

- Number of Male students surveyed: **1,109 (49.8%)**
- Number of Female students surveyed: **1,116 (50.2%)**

Race

- Number of White students surveyed: **1,781 (80.7%)**
- Number of African American students surveyed: **35 (1.6%)**
- Number of Hispanic/Latino students surveyed: **146 (6.6%)**
- Number of Asian/Pacific Islander students surveyed: **52 (2.4%)**
- Number of Native American students surveyed: **20 (0.9%)**
- Number of Mixed Origin students surveyed: **121 (5.5%)**
- Number of Other students surveyed: **51 (2.3%)**

3 30-Day Drug Use

NOTE: For tables, *N of Valid* is the number of students who answered the question and *N of Missing* is the number of students who did not answer the question.

Table 1: Use of Cigarettes in the Past 30 Days

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	No	Yes
6th	209	8	98.6	1.4
7th	301	11	100.0	0.0
8th	261	14	99.2	0.8
9th	435	13	95.6	4.4
10th	363	9	95.3	4.7
11th	319	6	94.7	5.3
12th	285	13	93.0	7.0
6-8	771	33	99.4	0.6
9-12	1402	41	94.8	5.2
Total	2173	74	96.4	3.6

Table 2: Use of Alcohol in the Past 30 Days

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	No	Yes
6th	209	8	97.6	2.4
7th	300	12	99.7	0.3
8th	261	14	95.4	4.6
9th	433	15	85.7	14.3
10th	362	10	78.7	21.3
11th	319	6	74.9	25.1
12th	283	15	66.4	33.6
6-8	770	34	97.7	2.3
9-12	1397	46	77.5	22.5
Total	2167	80	84.7	15.3

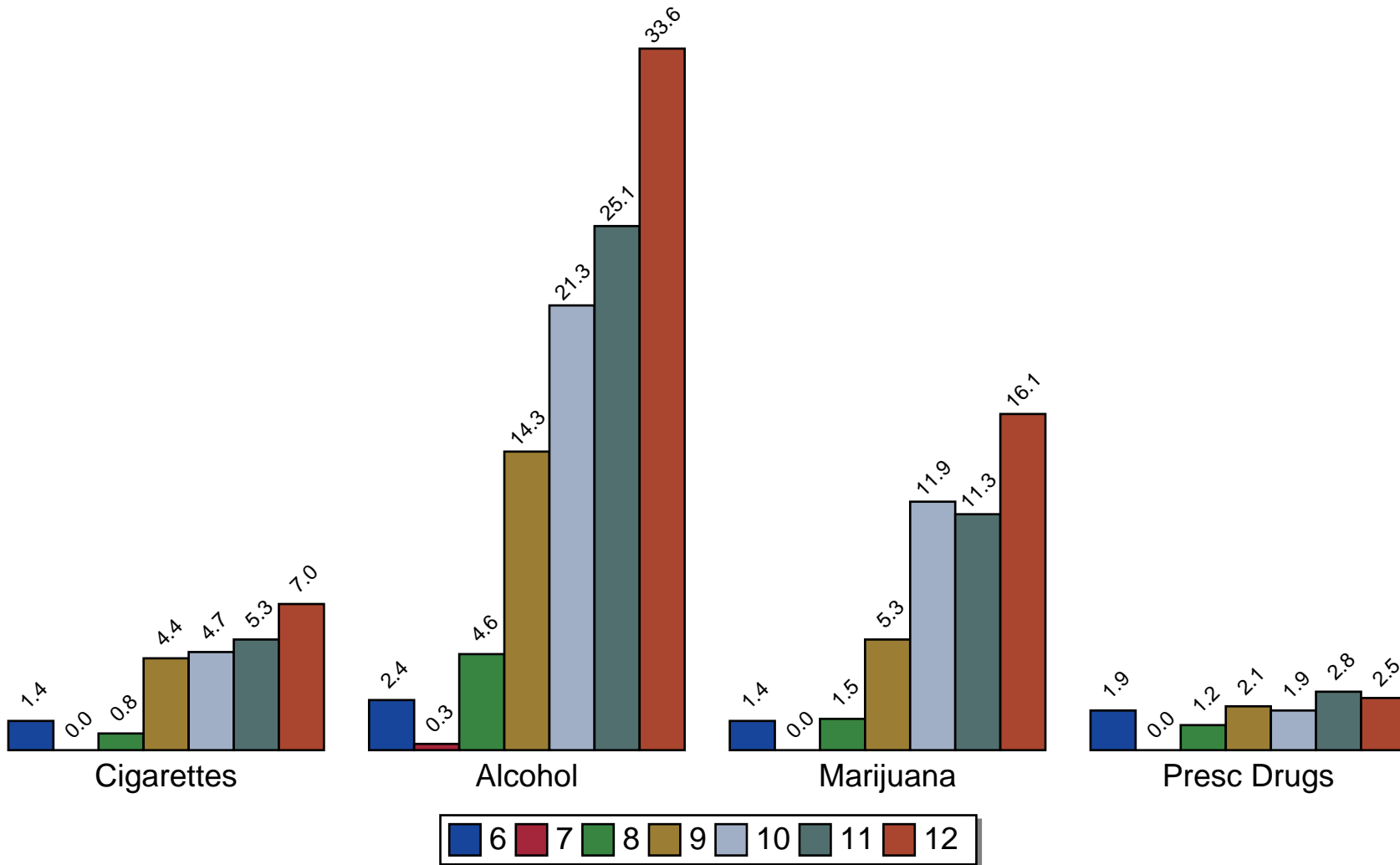
Table 3: Use of Marijuana in the Past 30 Days

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	No	Yes
6th	209	8	98.6	1.4
7th	300	12	100.0	0.0
8th	261	14	98.5	1.5
9th	434	14	94.7	5.3
10th	361	11	88.1	11.9
11th	320	5	88.8	11.3
12th	285	13	83.9	16.1
6-8	770	34	99.1	0.9
9-12	1400	43	89.4	10.6
Total	2170	77	92.9	7.1

Table 4: Use of Presc Drugs in the Past 30 Days

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	No	Yes
6th	209	8	98.1	1.9
7th	300	12	100.0	0.0
8th	260	15	98.8	1.2
9th	433	15	97.9	2.1
10th	362	10	98.1	1.9
11th	319	6	97.2	2.8
12th	285	13	97.5	2.5
6-8	769	35	99.1	0.9
9-12	1399	44	97.7	2.3
Total	2168	79	98.2	1.8

% Students Who Have Used Cigarettes, Alcohol, Marijuana & Prescription Drugs in the Past 30 Days



Source: Pride Surveys

4 Students' Perception of Risk

Past analysis of national statistics indicates that as students' perception of risk increases, use of substances decreases. It is also typical for the perception of risk as (*Moderate Risk* or *Great Risk*) to decrease as a child gets older. Your students' responses are detailed in the following tables.

Table 5: Perception of Risk of Cigarette Use

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	Moderate or Great Risk
6th	199	18	89.4
7th	295	17	90.5
8th	248	27	88.7
9th	430	18	91.4
10th	363	9	90.6
11th	311	14	90.0
12th	277	21	88.8
6-8	742	62	89.6
9-12	1381	62	90.4
Total	2123	124	90.1

Table 6: Perception of Risk of Alcohol Use

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	Moderate or Great Risk
6th	199	18	81.4
7th	294	18	82.0
8th	248	27	82.3
9th	427	21	85.0
10th	360	12	84.7
11th	313	12	81.2
12th	276	22	76.1
6-8	741	63	81.9
9-12	1376	67	82.3
Total	2117	130	82.1

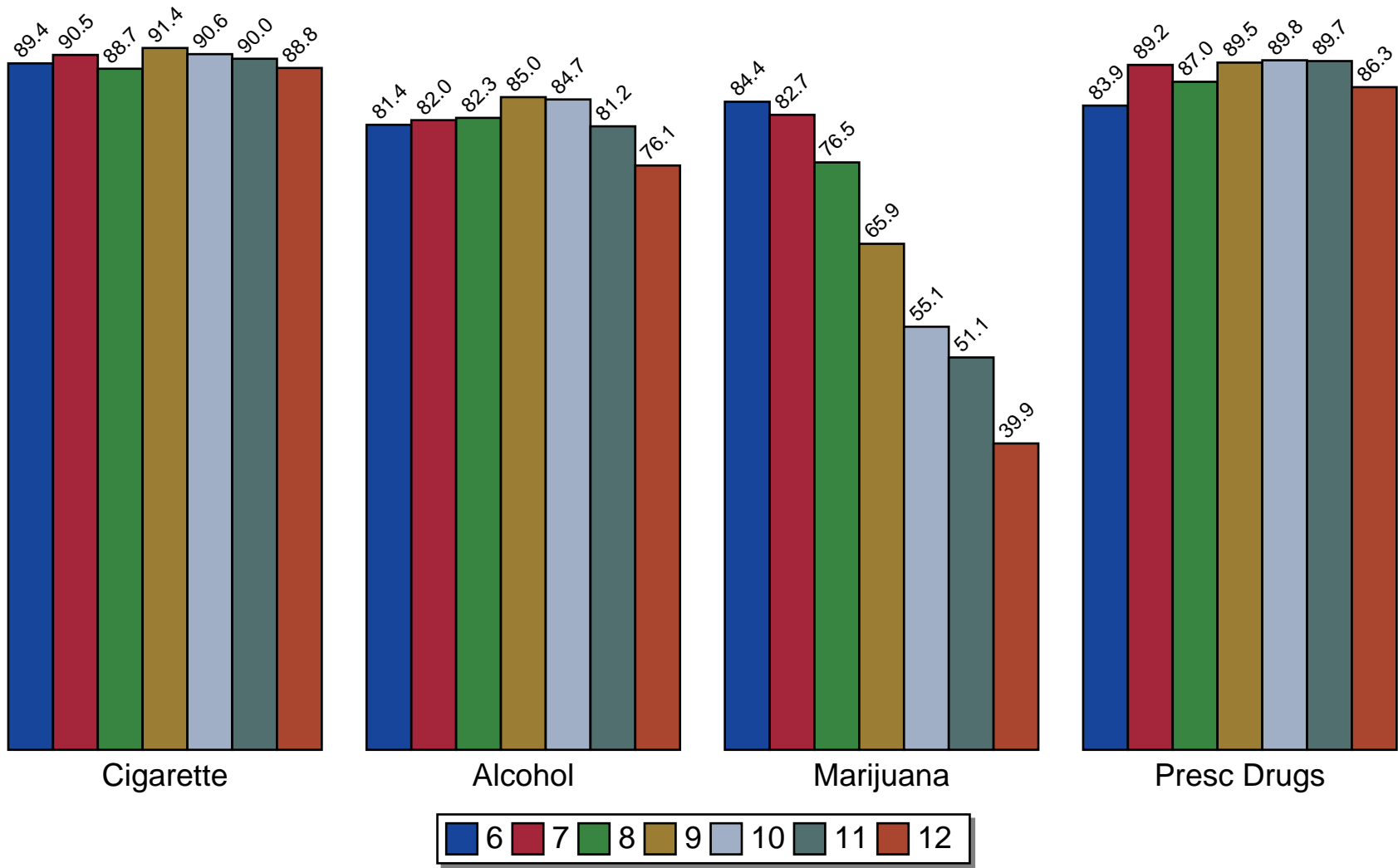
Table 7: Perception of Risk of Marijuana Use

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	Moderate or Great Risk
6th	199	18	84.4
7th	294	18	82.7
8th	247	28	76.5
9th	425	23	65.9
10th	361	11	55.1
11th	311	14	51.1
12th	278	20	39.9
6-8	740	64	81.1
9-12	1375	68	54.5
Total	2115	132	63.8

Table 8: Perception of Risk of Presc Drugs Use

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	Moderate or Great Risk
6th	199	18	83.9
7th	295	17	89.2
8th	247	28	87.0
9th	428	20	89.5
10th	363	9	89.8
11th	311	14	89.7
12th	278	20	86.3
6-8	741	63	87.0
9-12	1380	63	89.0
Total	2121	126	88.3

Perception of Risk of Using Cigarettes, Alcohol, Marijuana & Prescription Drugs As Moderate Risk or Great Risk



Source: Pride Surveys

5 Perception of Parental Disapproval

Past analysis of national statistics indicates that students tend to perceive parents as feeling that students' use of tobacco, alcohol, marijuana and prescription drugs as *Wrong* or *Very Wrong* for all grade levels. Your students' responses are detailed in the following tables.

Table 9: Perception of Parents' Disapproval of Using **Tobacco**

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	Wrong or Very Wrong
6th	200	17	100.0
7th	293	19	99.7
8th	244	31	99.2
9th	419	29	99.0
10th	363	9	97.2
11th	307	18	95.1
12th	282	16	94.7
6-8	737	67	99.6
9-12	1371	72	96.8
Total	2108	139	97.8

Table 10: Perception of Parents' Disapproval of Using **Alcohol**

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	Wrong or Very Wrong
6th	200	17	99.5
7th	293	19	99.7
8th	244	31	96.7
9th	422	26	95.7
10th	359	13	92.8
11th	307	18	93.2
12th	280	18	90.0
6-8	737	67	98.6
9-12	1368	75	93.2
Total	2105	142	95.1

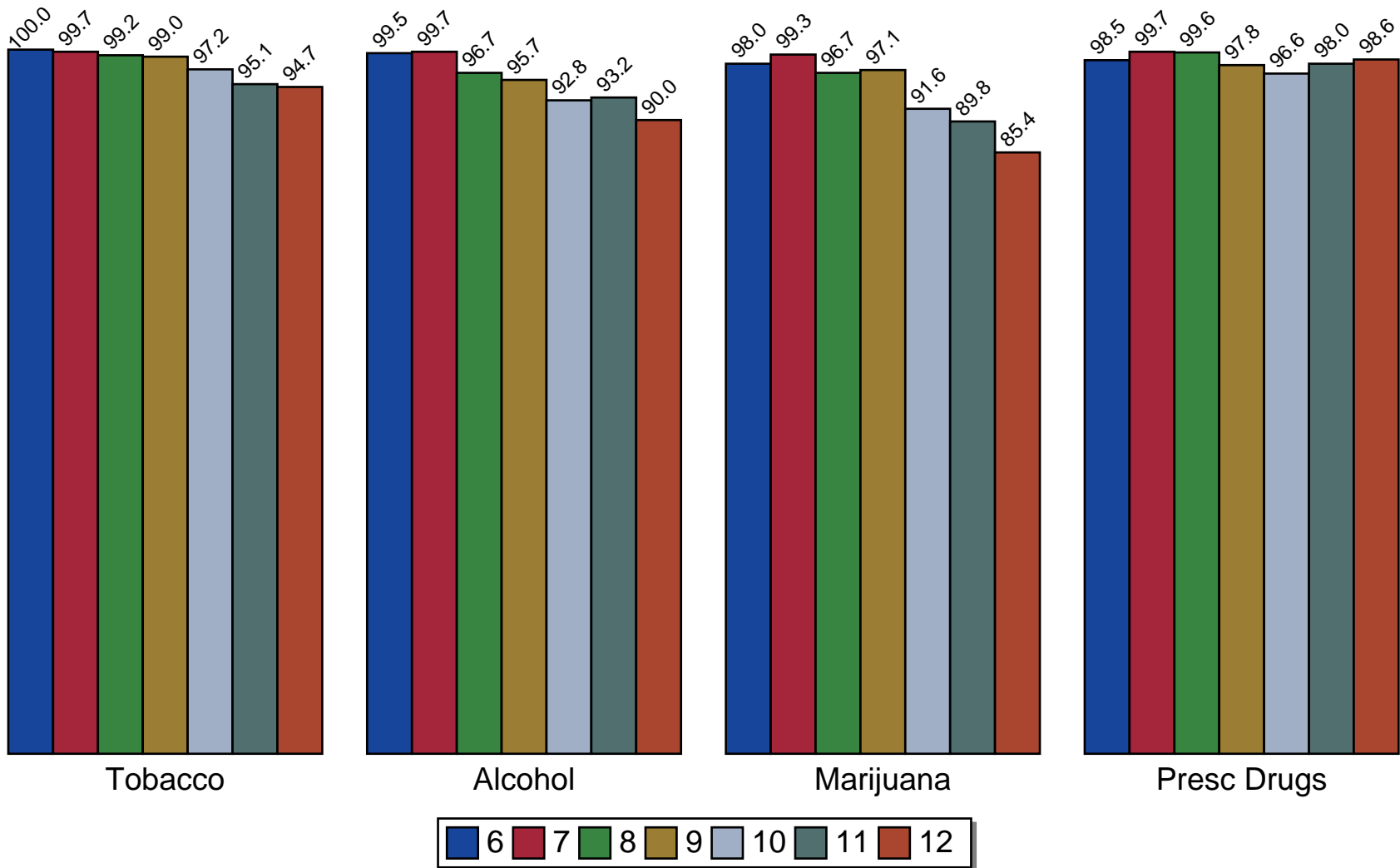
Table 11: Perception of Parents' Disapproval of Using **Marijuana**

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	Wrong or Very Wrong
6th	198	19	98.0
7th	293	19	99.3
8th	244	31	96.7
9th	418	30	97.1
10th	356	16	91.6
11th	305	20	89.8
12th	280	18	85.4
6-8	735	69	98.1
9-12	1359	84	91.6
Total	2094	153	93.9

Table 12: Perception of Parents' Disapproval of Using **Presc Drugs**

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	Wrong or Very Wrong
6th	200	17	98.5
7th	293	19	99.7
8th	244	31	99.6
9th	416	32	97.8
10th	354	18	96.6
11th	305	20	98.0
12th	279	19	98.6
6-8	737	67	99.3
9-12	1354	89	97.7
Total	2091	156	98.3

Perception That Parents Would Feel It To Be Wrong or Very Wrong To Use Tobacco, Alcohol, Marijuana & Prescription Drugs



Source: Pride Surveys

6 Perception of Friends Disapproval

Past analysis of national statistics indicates that students tend to perceive peers as feeling that students use of tobacco, alcohol, marijuana and prescription drugs as *Wrong* or *Very Wrong* for all grade levels. However, this perception is typically not as strong as the perception of disapproval from parents. Your students' responses are detailed in the following tables.

Table 14: Perception of Friends' Disapproval of Using **Alcohol**

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	Wrong or Very Wrong
6th	207	10	97.6
7th	301	11	97.3
8th	255	20	92.5
9th	436	12	83.5
10th	358	14	82.1
11th	315	10	78.7
12th	281	17	74.0
6-8	763	41	95.8
9-12	1390	53	80.1
Total	2153	94	85.7

Table 13: Perception of Friends' Disapproval of Using **Tobacco**

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	Wrong or Very Wrong
6th	207	10	98.1
7th	301	11	98.3
8th	255	20	91.8
9th	436	12	86.9
10th	362	10	82.9
11th	317	8	80.4
12th	281	17	73.7
6-8	763	41	96.1
9-12	1396	47	81.7
Total	2159	88	86.8

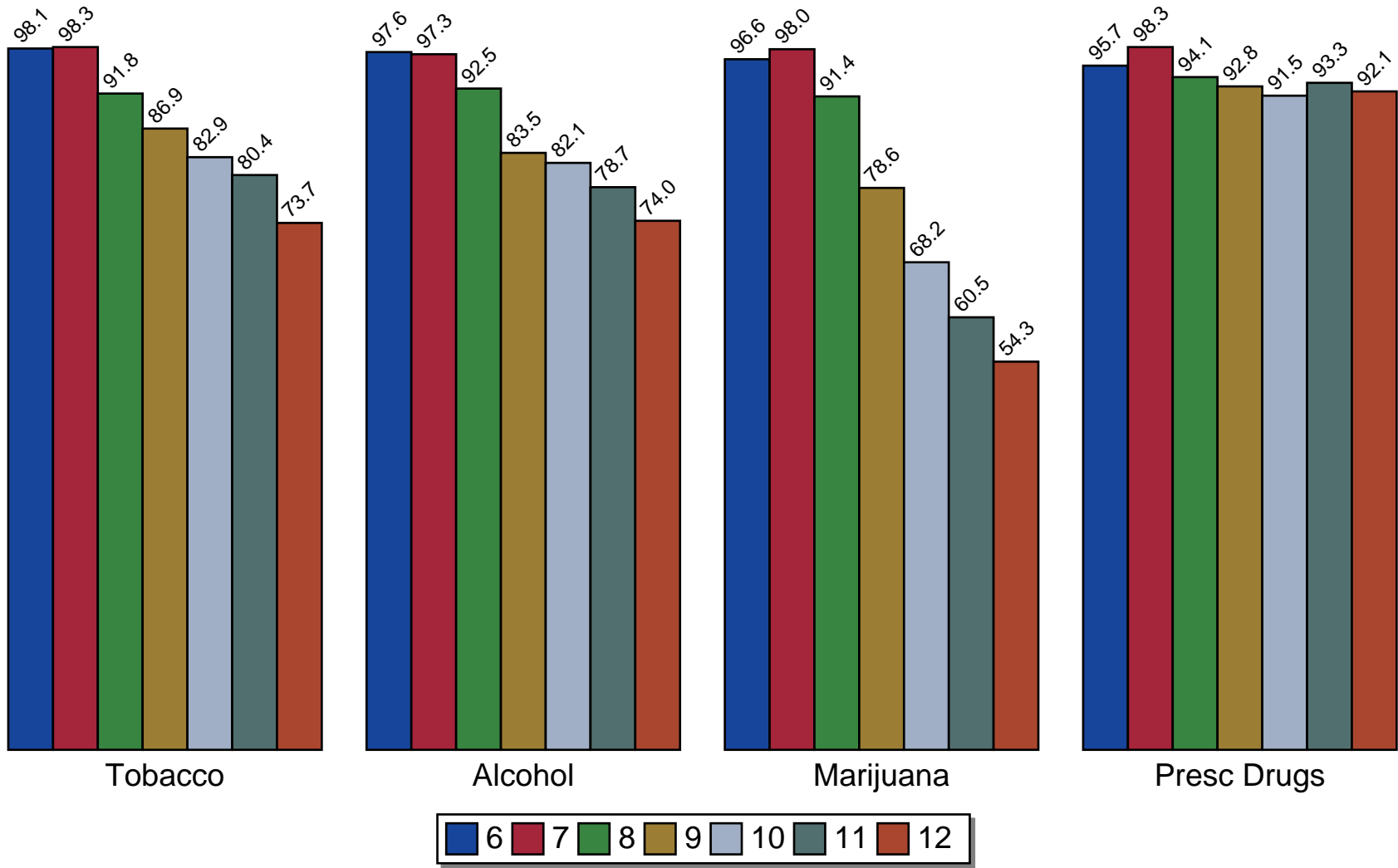
Table 15: Perception of Friends' Disapproval of Using **Marijuana**

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	Wrong or Very Wrong
6th	208	9	96.6
7th	301	11	98.0
8th	255	20	91.4
9th	435	13	78.6
10th	359	13	68.2
11th	314	11	60.5
12th	282	16	54.3
6-8	764	40	95.4
9-12	1390	53	66.9
Total	2154	93	77.0

Table 16: Perception of Friends' Disapproval of Using **Presc Drugs**

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	Wrong or Very Wrong
6th	207	10	95.7
7th	301	11	98.3
8th	255	20	94.1
9th	431	17	92.8
10th	354	18	91.5
11th	315	10	93.3
12th	279	19	92.1
6-8	763	41	96.2
9-12	1379	64	92.5
Total	2142	105	93.8

Perception That Friends Would Feel It To Be Wrong or Very Wrong To Use Tobacco, Alcohol, Marijuana & Presc Drugs



Source: Pride Surveys

7 Students' Perception of Availability

Past analysis of national statistics indicates that as students get older a larger percentage of them tend to perceive tobacco, alcohol, marijuana and illicit drugs (drugs like cocaine, LSD or amphetamines) as *Sort of Easy* or *Very Easy* to get. Your students' responses are detailed in the following tables.

Table 17: Perceived Availability of **Cigarettes**

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	Sort of Easy or Very Easy to Get
6th	209	8	8.6
7th	299	13	12.4
8th	252	23	18.3
9th	433	15	30.9
10th	359	13	40.1
11th	315	10	42.5
12th	279	19	55.9
6-8	760	44	13.3
9-12	1386	57	41.0
Total	2146	101	31.2

Table 18: Perceived Availability of **Alcohol**

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	Sort of Easy or Very Easy to Get
6th	209	8	13.9
7th	300	12	24.0
8th	252	23	30.2
9th	434	14	51.8
10th	361	11	59.3
11th	317	8	62.1
12th	280	18	71.1
6-8	761	43	23.3
9-12	1392	51	60.0
Total	2153	94	47.0

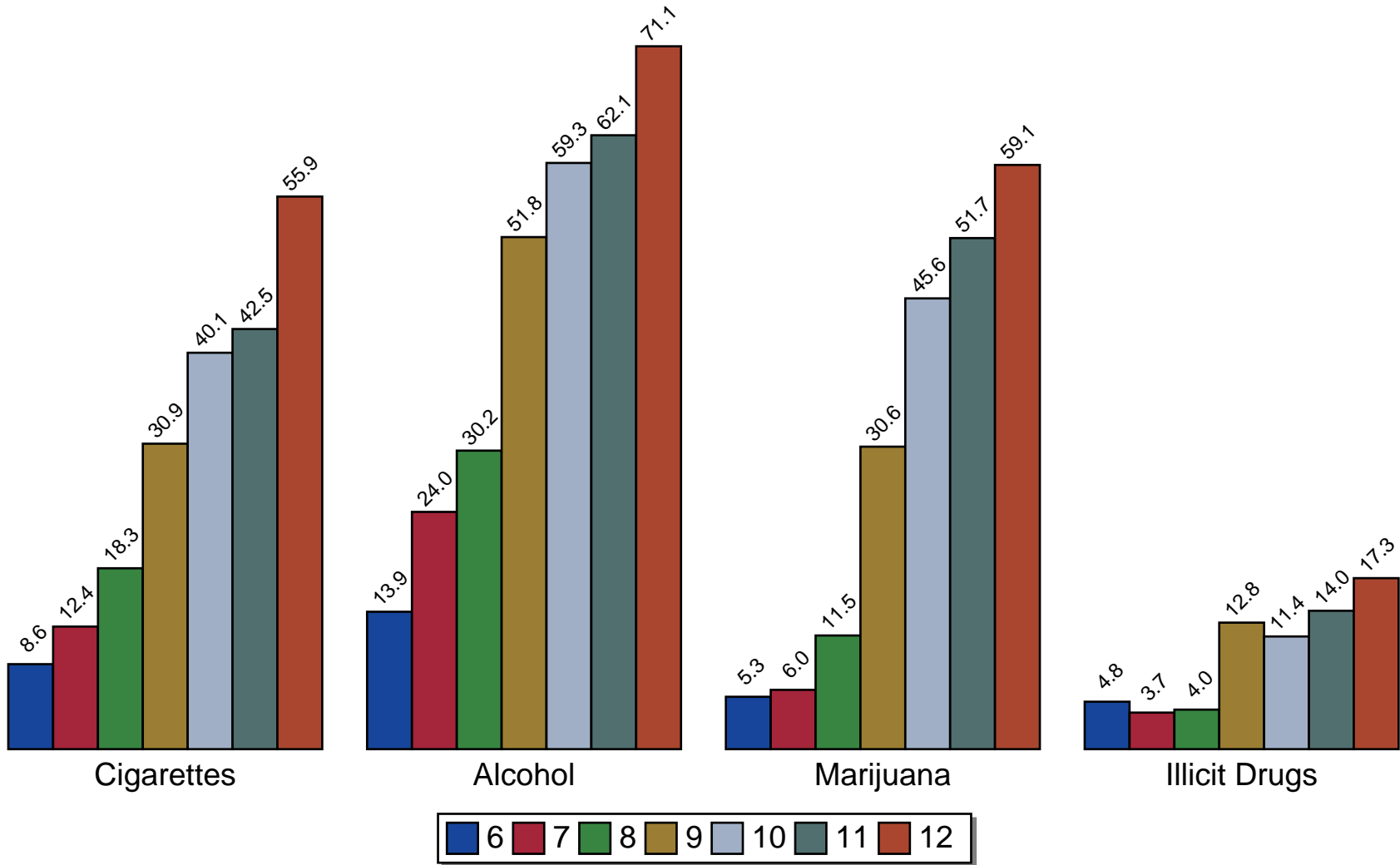
Table 19: Perceived Availability of **Marijuana**

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	Sort of Easy or Very Easy to Get
6th	207	10	5.3
7th	299	13	6.0
8th	252	23	11.5
9th	432	16	30.6
10th	360	12	45.6
11th	315	10	51.7
12th	281	17	59.1
6-8	758	46	7.7
9-12	1388	55	45.0
Total	2146	101	31.8

Table 20: Perceived Availability of **Illicit Drugs**

Grade Level	N of Valid	N of Miss	Sort of Easy or Very Easy to Get
6th	208	9	4.8
7th	299	13	3.7
8th	252	23	4.0
9th	430	18	12.8
10th	361	11	11.4
11th	315	10	14.0
12th	277	21	17.3
6-8	759	45	4.1
9-12	1383	60	13.6
Total	2142	105	10.2

Perception That Tobacco, Alcohol, Marijuana and Illicit Drugs Is Sort of Easy or Very Easy To Get

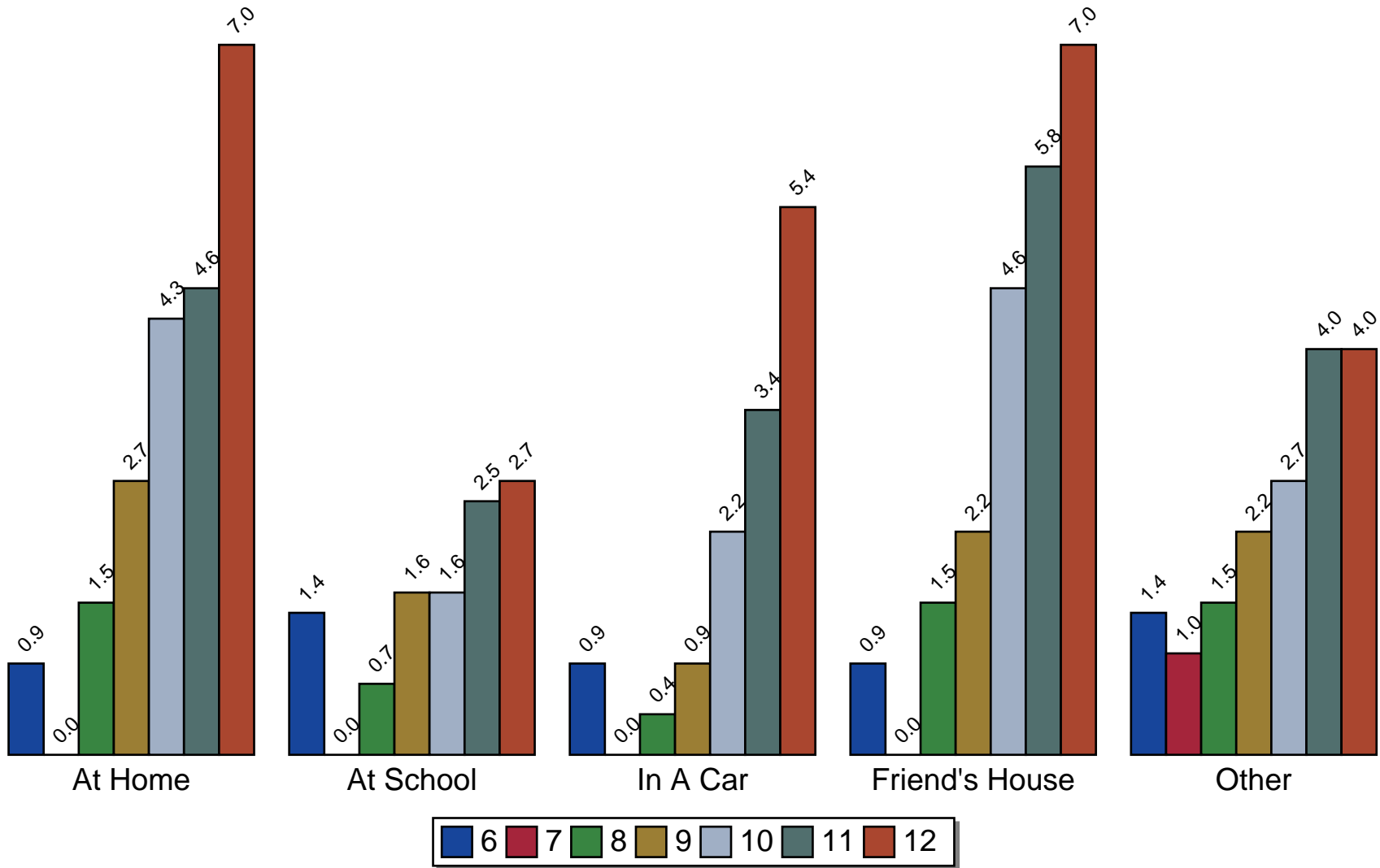


Source: Pride Surveys

8 Where Students Use

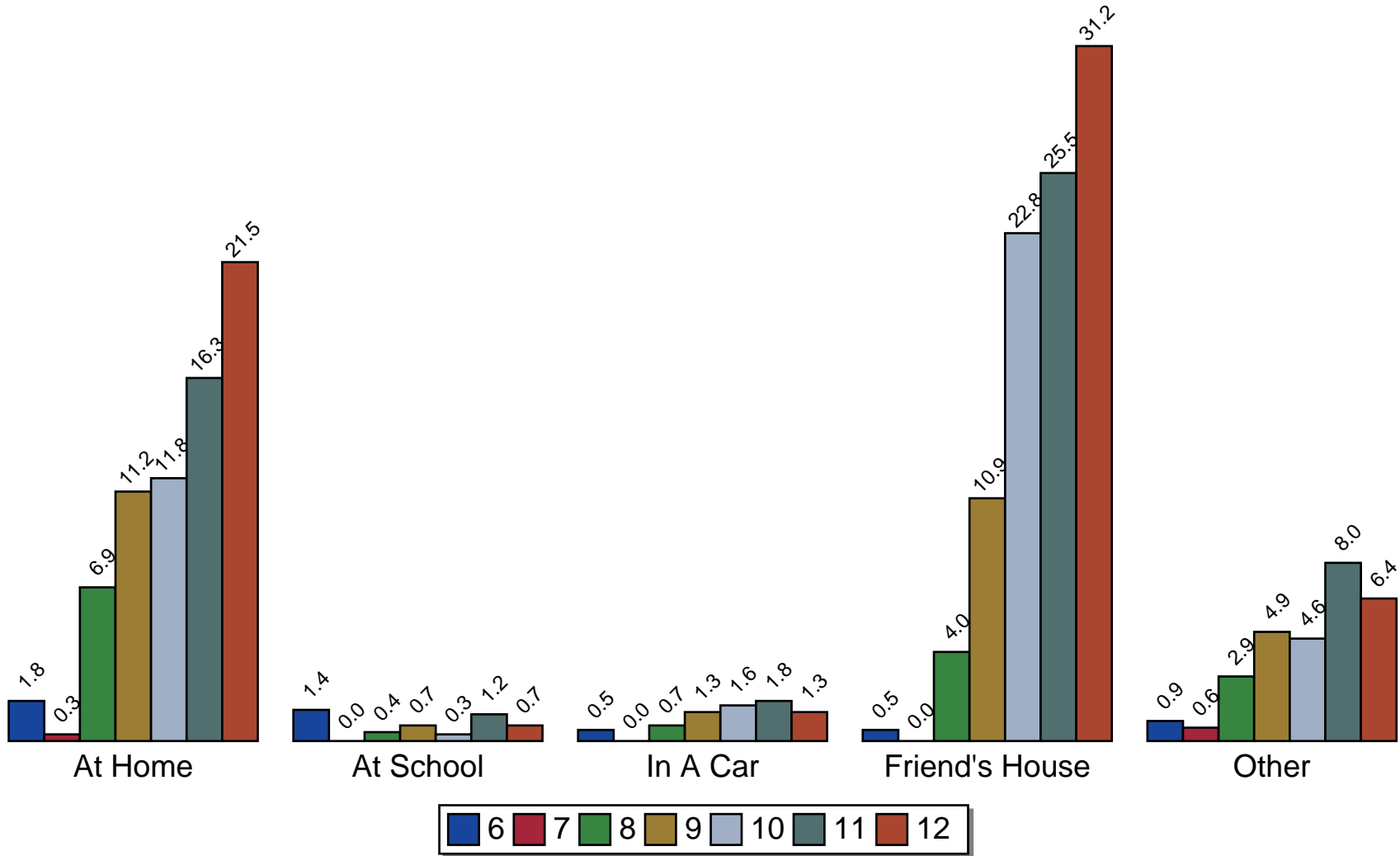
The following graphs show where students report using tobacco, alcohol, marijuana, and prescription drugs. Past analysis of national statistics show that *At School* is typically the *least* popular place of use.

Where Do You Use Tobacco



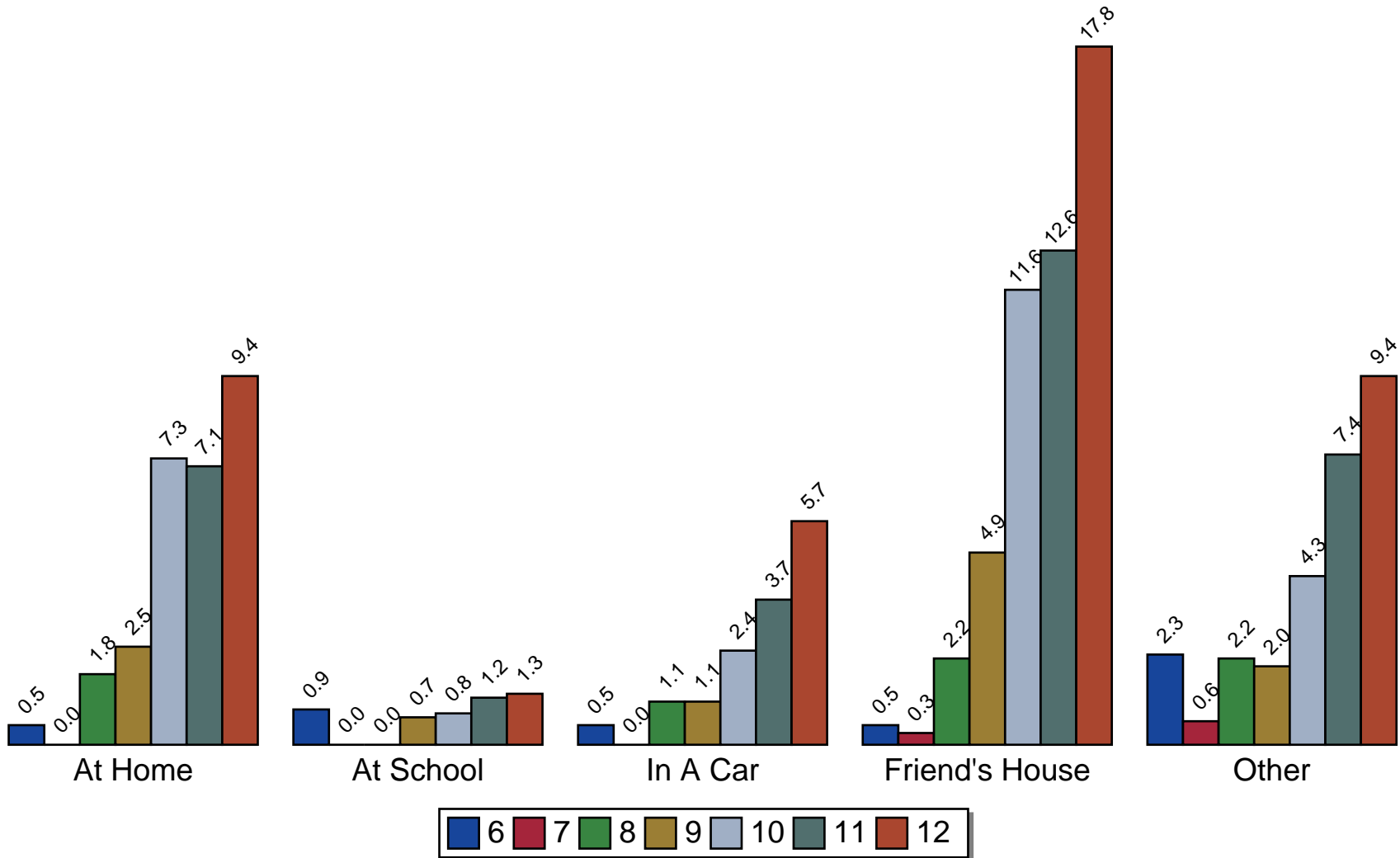
Source: Pride Surveys

Where Do You Use Alcohol



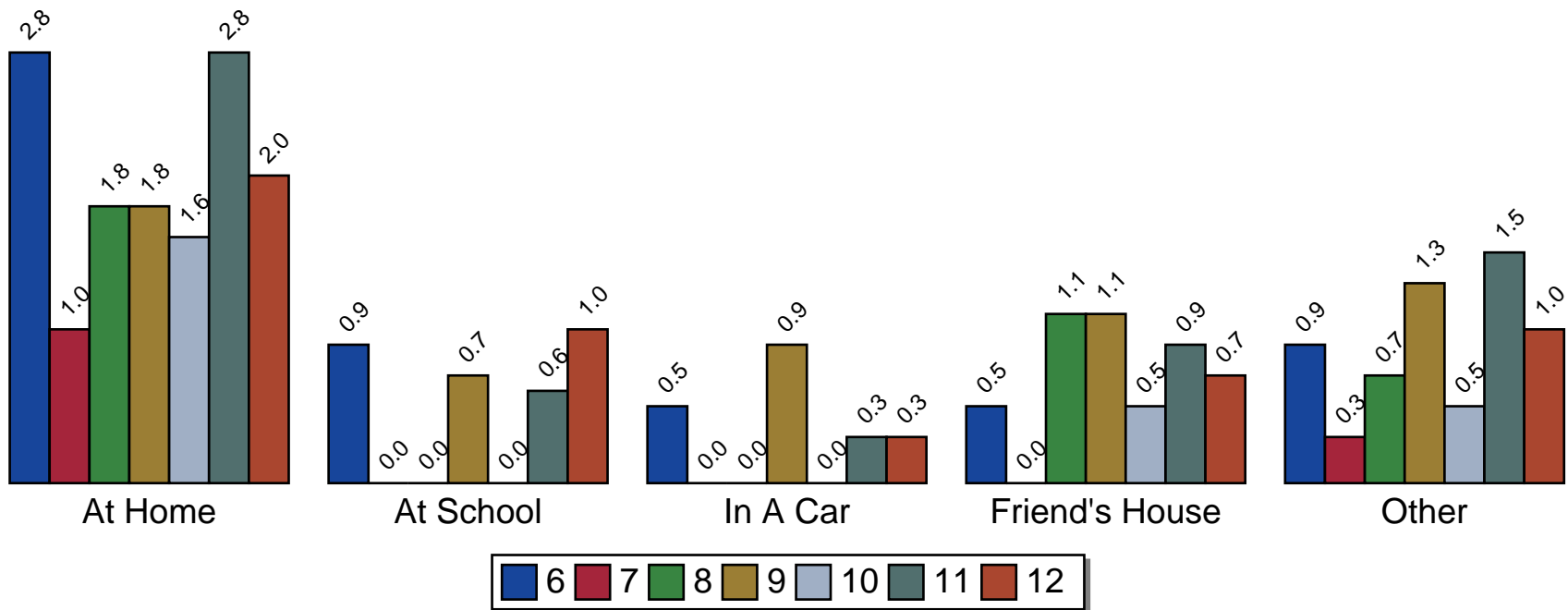
Source: Pride Surveys

Where Do You Use Marijuana



Source: Pride Surveys

Where Do You Use Presc Drugs

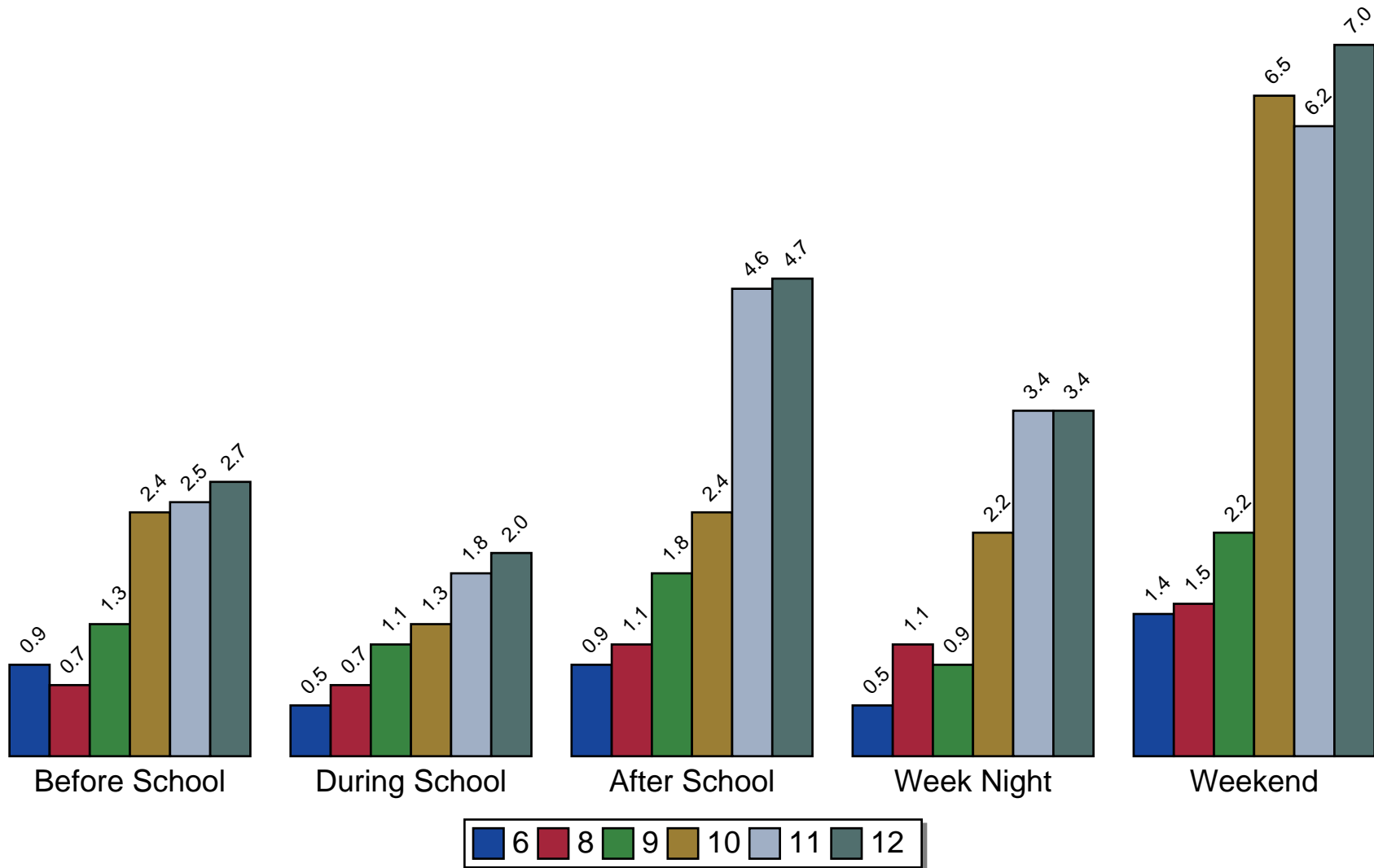


Source: Pride Surveys

9 When Students Use

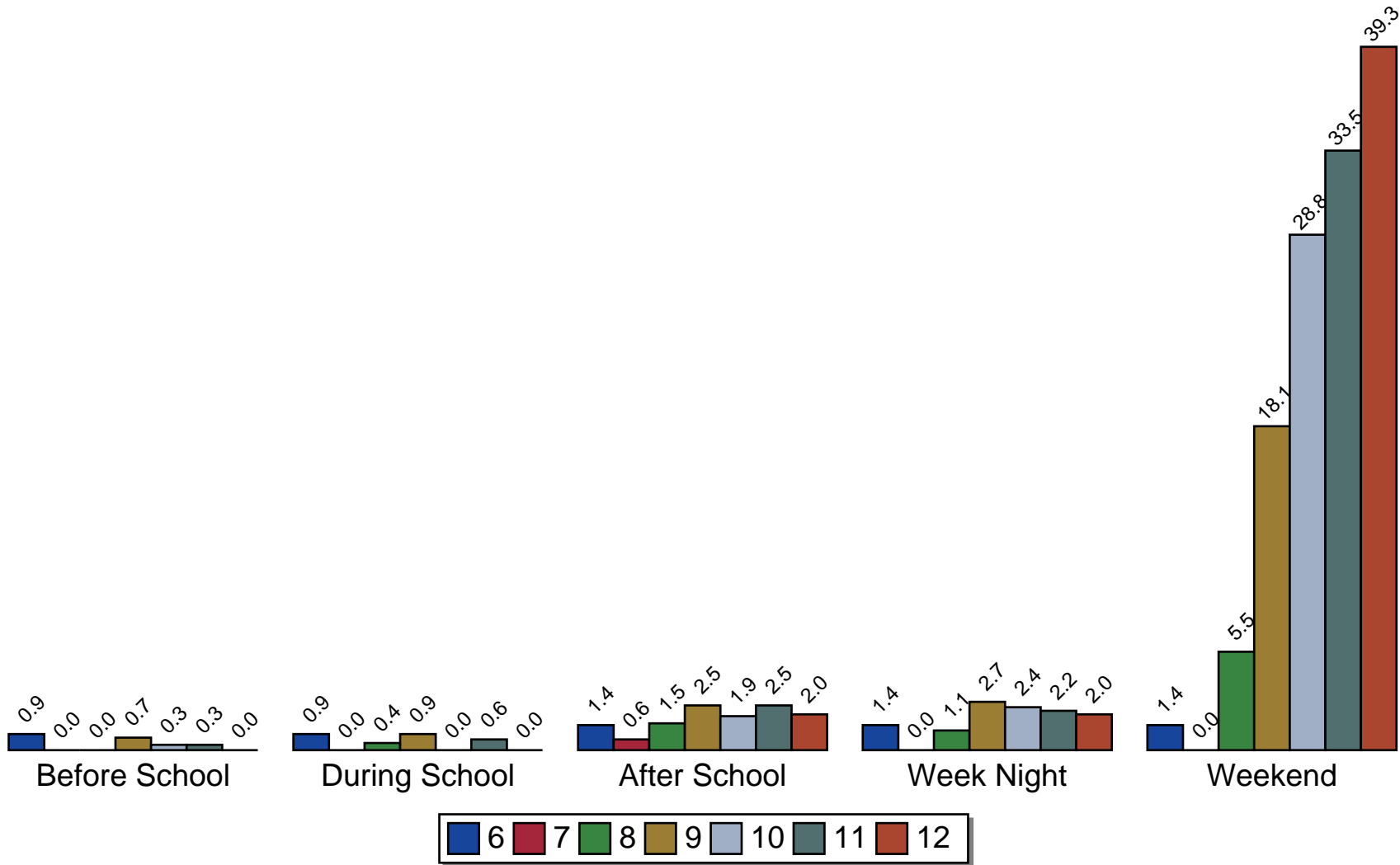
The following graphs show when students report using tobacco, alcohol, marijuana and prescription drugs. Past analysis of national statistics show that *During School* is typically the *least* popular time of use.

When Do You Use Tobacco



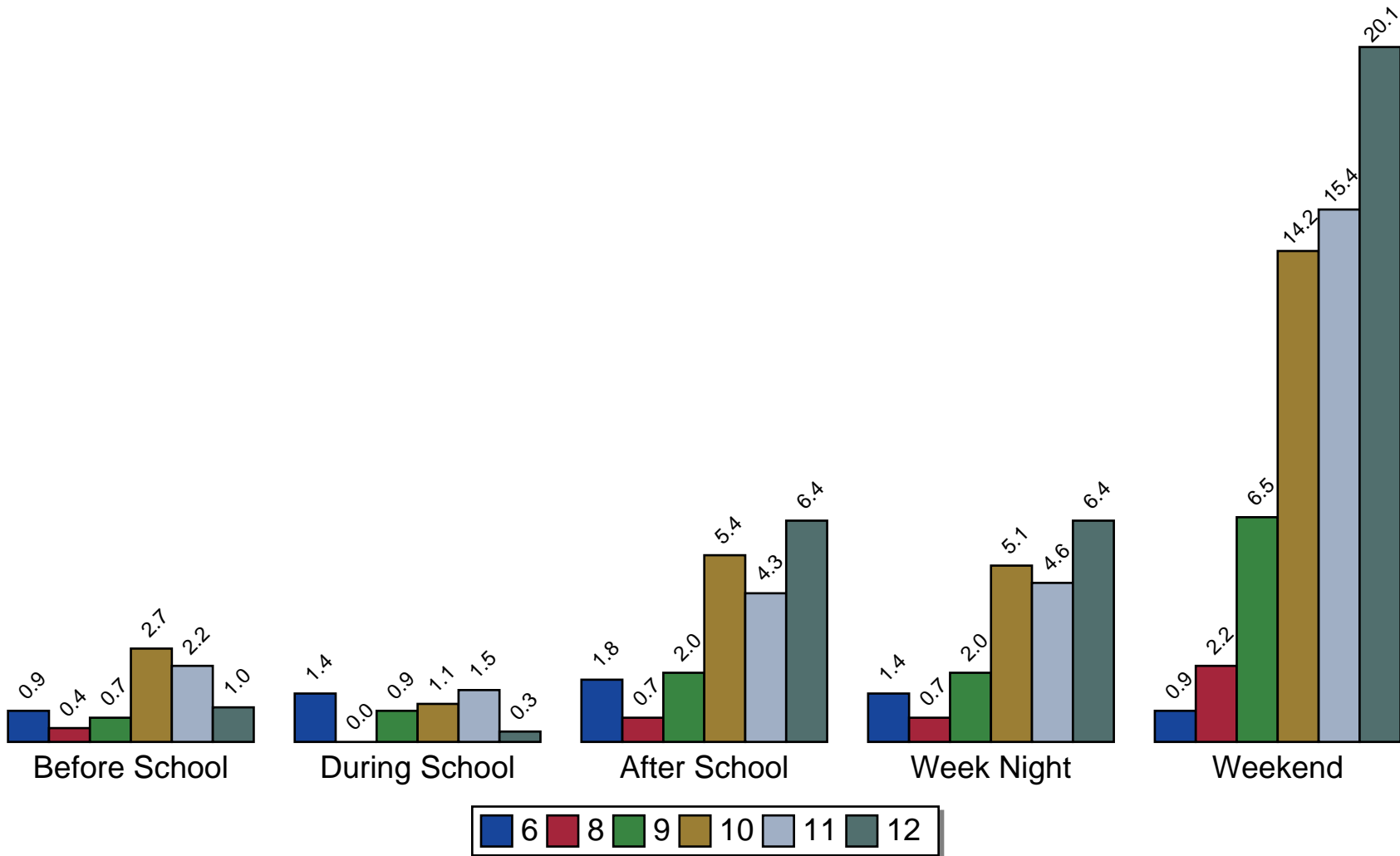
Source: Pride Surveys

When Do You Use Alcohol



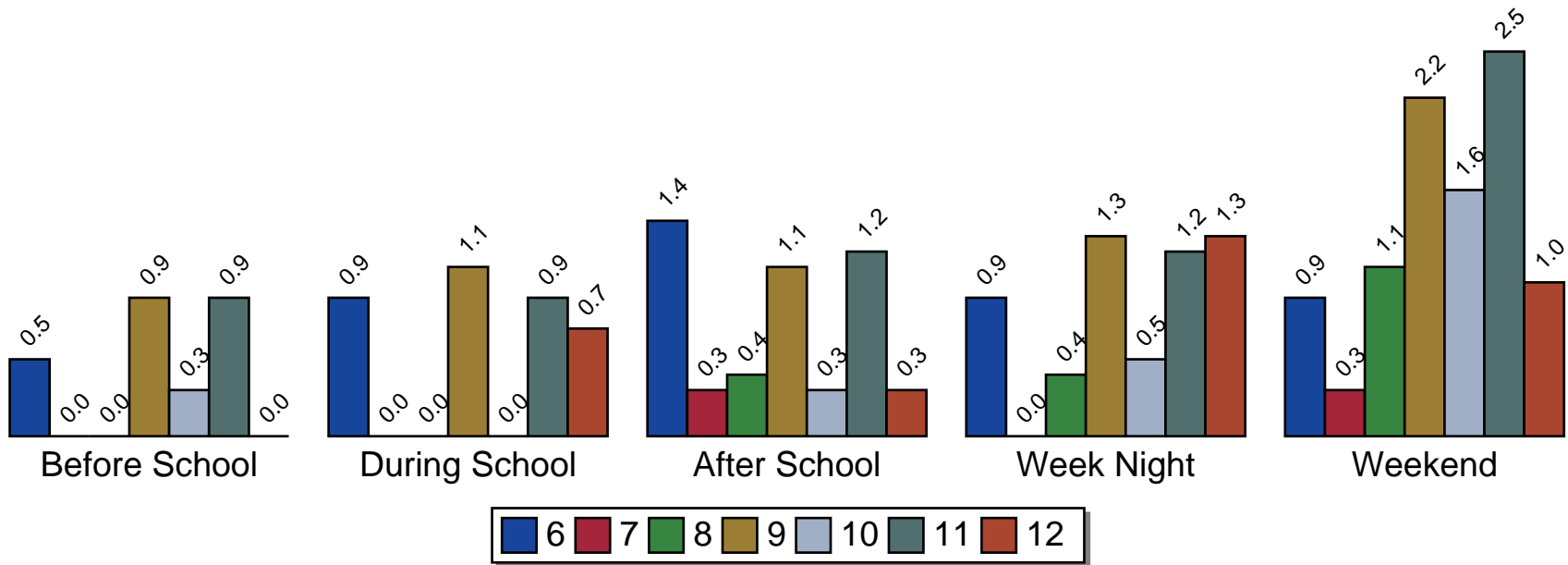
Source: Pride Surveys

When Do You Use Marijuana



Source: Pride Surveys

When Do You Use Presc Drugs



Source: Pride Surveys

10 The Pride Surveys

Since 1982, the Pride Surveys Questionnaire has been used by schools in all 50 states as well as US territories and several foreign countries to gather data on student tobacco, alcohol and illicit drug use and related behaviors. A decade ago we added questions on violence to explore the relationship between students who used various drugs and their violence. We now archive more than 8 million completed questionnaires, making the Pride Surveys database on student drug use and violence the largest in the world.

Other Pride Surveys that we hope you will consider for your assessment and evaluation needs are: Grade 4-6, Teaching Environment Survey, Learning Environment Survey, Parent Engagement Survey and the Community That Cares Youth Survey. Copies of the questionnaires are available on www.Pridesurveys.com and can be downloaded or you can call 1-800-279-6361 and we will send you copies for review.

11 Why Schools Use Pride Surveys

The following are some of the reasons school systems use Pride Surveys:

Used by more than 8,000 school systems. For more than two decades, schools across the nation have used the Pride Survey to identify student levels of drug use, violence, and related behaviors.

Designated by Federal Law as a measure of illicit drug use by youth. This law can be reviewed in Congressional Record, October 19, 1998, Page H11228. (see www.Pridesurveys.com)

40-50 minutes to administer. School time is an important consideration. The survey can be administered during a portion of only one class period.

Evaluates most prevention goals and objectives. Changes in student behavior can be measured over time, allowing an individual school, system, or state

to measure most of their goals and objectives.

Helps write winning grants. Schools can match their data against the Pride Surveys national database to indicate need for grant monies, or to indicate success in their drug education programs.

Meets most of the needs of evaluation required by the U.S. Department of Education as expressed in ESEA legislation – Principles of Effectiveness. The requirement for information on: the incidence and prevalence, perception of health risk, and perception of social disapproval of drug use and violence by youth in schools and communities. Drug use and these related behaviors are available through the use of the Pride Survey.

Allows multi-year comparisons of your data. The data is archived for 10 or more years and through our computer software the data can be compared over multiple years of administrations. The multi-year analysis allows a school, system, or state to track the changes in data over extended periods of time by sex, race, age, grade, and many other variables.

Data belong to the customer. Local data will not be released without written permission from the customer (school official). Pride Surveys will use data to build a national sample of data for an annual release to the public. The individual school or state data is not identified in the release.

Report includes 120+ pages of tables, charts, and reports. With software developed by Pride Surveys, we create tables, charts and special reports on variables of special concern to schools and administrators. (Ex. One graph shows drug use to occur most often on the weekend when schools are not in session.)

Anonymous, voluntary, protects pupil confidentiality. By following the instruction sheet for administering the questionnaire, the students' confidentiality will be protected.

Recognized by National News Media. On our website you will find print media from the Pride Survey and a press release following the Jonesboro, Arkansas shooting at a local Jr. High school.

Independent evaluators used for instrument and methodology evaluation. Independent evaluators were utilized to test for reliability and validity of the Pride Questionnaire. A copy of this evaluation can be obtained from www.Pridesurveys.com under the validity hyperlink.

National database for White, African American, and Hispanic students. The only national database that is available on African American and Hispanic students. Comparison of behaviors between races may be compared to the Pride national database.

Lie detection system built into survey. When answers to questions are indicating that the student is not being honest the software will eliminate the questionnaire. Ex. If the student marks getting high when–, and then denies use of drugs, computer programs will eliminate the questionnaire from the data set.

Protection from negative or blaming reports of school administrators and teachers for student drug use. Often we hear, "*what are we going to do about the schools' drug problem*", this statement needs to be followed with Pride Survey data which indicates drug use is more likely to occur "*at home*" than "*at school*" and drug use occurs most often on "*weekends*" and "*at night*" when school is not in session. Teachers are more likely to teach students about the harmful effects of drugs/alcohol than are parents. Not all students use drugs. This information will be available to schools that choose Pride Surveys for data collection.

**Remember to visit our website @ www.Pridesurveys.com
or give us a call @ 1-800-279-6361**

NOTES: